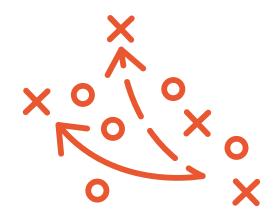


Recognizing and Addressing Elder Abuse: Empathy as Catalyst for Change



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BOYD DAVIS, PHD LUFEI YOUNG, PHD, RN Recognizing and Addressing Elder Abuse: Empathy as a Catalyst for Change

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Elder Abuse. . A Silent Public Health Issue

"An intentional or negligent act by any person that causes harm or a serious risk of harm to an older adult"¹

- A silent public health issue²
- U.S. has an estimated 5.0 million cases of elder abuse yearly, with \$36.5 billion of annual loss.³
- It is estimated that over 10% of those age 65 and older experience some form of elder abuse in a given year.
- >50% of elder abuse is not reported.³

Healthcare Providers' Roles and Responses

- All nurses have an obligation to report suspected mistreatment of older people to APS.⁴
- Home health nurses are in an even more advantageous position to identify elder mistreatment, as direct observation during a home visit when an older person is in his/her home environment is more likely to result in the identification of mistreatment compared with an office visit where self-report measures were relied on. ⁵
- Nurses are most likely to detect signs of elder mistreatment and be able to provide interventions and preventative services.⁴
- Social workers play integral roles in developing, implementing, and strengthening systemic structures—programs, policies, education, and research—that help prevent and address elder abuse.⁶
- Knowledge about elder abuse is necessary for every social worker, regardless of practice level, specialty area, or setting⁷, and any social worker can help prevent and address elder abuse.⁶

Purpose

- The goal of this study was to investigate the enabling, hindering, and intention to report (EHIR) factors included in our conceptual framework.
- The purpose of this study was to examine factors influencing healthcare professionals' (home health nurses' and social workers') decisions to report elder abuse.

Methods

Phase 1: Qualitative focus groups (N=9) of home health nurses (n = 4) and social workers (n = 5) who currently worked in one or more home health agencies.

Virtual setting-Zoom

Procedure-Recruitment via Facebook, separate focus groups for nurses and social workers (4-8 per group), semi-structured interviews, recorded, verbatim transcripts subject to content analysis

- Knowledge-*I can detect when an older adult has been a victim of sexual abuse.*
- Perspectives-I have a personal responsibility to stand up for older adults who might be or who I know are experiencing elder abuse.
- Feelings-I feel able to advocate for older adults who might be or who I know are experiencing elder abuse.

Methods

Phase 2:

Step 1-created questions eliciting participant's knowledge, perspectives, and feelings about elder abuse in home health and nurses/social workers

Step 2- the team reviewed, discussed, and edited questions (face and content validity)

Step 3- questions were formatted as an electronic survey

70 items

Four point Likert format and 100-point slider scale

Knowledge-23 items

Perspective-32 items

Feelings -14 items

Distributed electronically

I have a personal responsibility to stand up for older adults who might be or who I know are experiencing elder abuse.

O Disagree	
○ Somewhat disagree	
○ Somewhat agree	
⊖ Agree	

It is important to advocate for older adults who might be or who I know are experiencing elder abuse.

 Disagree 	
O Somewhat disagree	
○ Somewhat agree	
⊖ Agree	

There is not much I can do to protect older adults who might be or who I know are experiencing elder abuse.

O Disagree
○ Somewhat disagree
○ Somewhat agree
○ Agree

I am able to identify older adults who might be or who I know are experiencing elder abuse.

Disagree	
Somewhat disagree	
) Somewhat agree	
Agree	

Setting, Sample, Procedure



- Social Media (Facebook) to recruit participants
- Desired sample size (100) to determine the factors related to EAR; to determine the factors related to EAR, 100 nurses and social workers were recruited considering the precision (d) = 0.05, Z = 1.96, p = 0.32
- Targeted home health groups (same ones where we recruited focus group participants) and sent survey link to focus group participants.
 - Informed consent and survey links were embedded in recruitment flyer
 - Monitored completion of surveys via Qualtrics

Elder Abuse Reporting Questionnaire Results

70 items

Likert format-4 and 100 pts

Knowledge-23 items Perspective-32 items

Feelings -14 items

Subscale	Ν	Range	Min.	Max	Mean	sd
Knowledge	123	39	15	54	39,52	5.25
Perspectives	125	125	14	124	109.14	14.17
Feelings	125	157	0	157	60.1	13.53

Participants were very passionate about the issue of elder abuse, as evidenced by the tendency for higher scores on perspectives and feelings; however, their knowledge was not skewed in a similar manner

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